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the period covered by this report, showing a mortality of 16.12 per 1,000. The principal causes of deaths were as follows: Tuberculosis, 3; cerebral hemorrhage, 2; enteritis, 1; cancer, 2; appendicitis, 1; heart disease, 1; other causes, 4. Two cases of diphtheria were reported. Eleven vessels were inspected and passed on arrival. Six bills of health were issued to vessels during the week. Thirty-three health certificates were issued to persons leaving this port. Seventy pieces of baggage were passed without inspection, 1 piece was inspected and passed and 2 pieces were disinfected.

Cardenas.—Acting Asst. Surg. Enrique Saez reports that 6 deaths occurred in Cardenas during the week of the following causes: Bronchitis, 2; atresia, 1; congenital debility, 1; arterio-sclerosis, 1; cerebral anæmia, 1. No case of infectious or contagious character was reported. The death rate during the week was 12.60 per 1,000. Seven vessels were inspected and passed on arrival and 12 passed without inspection. Twenty-two bills of health were issued to vessels leaving the port.

Isabela de Sagua.—Acting Asst. Surg. Pedro Garcia Riera reports that the death rate during the week was 21.12 per 1,000. No case of infectious or contagious character was reported. Thirteen vessels were inspected and passed on arrival. Seventeen bills of health were issued

to vessels leaving the port.

Caibarien.—Acting Asst. Surg. Leoncio Junco reports that the sanitary condition of port and town is good. The death rate during the week was 0.671 per 1,000. Seven vessels arrived during the week; one of these was inspected and passed and 6 were passed without inspection. Six bills of health were issued to vessels leaving the port.

Respectfully,

G. M. GUITÉRAS,

Passed Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The Surgeon-General,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

Inspection of immigrants at Matanzas, Cuba, during the week ended March 11, 1901.

MATANZAS, CUBA, March 11, 1901.

SIR: I herewith submit report of alien steerage passengers at this port during the week ended March 9, 1901:

Date.	Vessel.	Where from,	No. of immigrants
Mar. 5 Mar. 9	Steamship Madrileño Steamship Miguel Gallant Total	Vigo, Spain Barcelona, Spain	1 2 3

Respectfully,

G. M. GUITÉRAS,

Passed Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The Surgeon-General,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

Reports from Nuevitas, Puerto Padre, Gibara, and Baracoa.

NUEVITAS, CUBA, February 25, 1901.

SIR: I have the honor to submit the following report for the week ended February 23, 1901:

Five vessels arrived at this port, and 7 bills of health were issued

There was 1 death from pernicious malarial fever. The sanitary condition of the town is good. The weather continues dry, with cool nights and warm days.

Puerto Padre.—Reports show the arrival of 6 vessels, and the issuance

of 12 bills of health, no deaths, and good sanitary condition.

Gibara.—Reports show the arrival of 17 vessels, the issuance of 13 bills of health, 2 deaths, and good sanitary condition.

Baracoa.—Reports show the arrival of 9 vessels, the issuance of 9 bills of health, 3 deaths, and good sanitary condition.

There is no report of quarantinable disease at any point in the district. OWEN W. STONE, Respectfully,

Acting Assistant Surgeon, U.S. M. H.S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. Marine Hospital Service.

NUEVITAS, CUBA, March 4, 1901.

SIR: I have the honor to submit the following report for the week ended March 2, 1901:

Five vessels arrived at this port, and 7 bills of health were issued. There were no deaths, and the sanitary condition is good. The dry weather continues, with cool nights and warm days.

Puerto Padre.—Reports show the arrival of 5 vessels, the issuance of 7 bills of health, 1 death, and good sanitary condition.

Gibara.—Reports show the arrival of 12 vessels, the issuance of 13

bills of health, 3 deaths, and good sanitary condition.

Baracoa.—Reports show the arrival of 7 vessels, the issuance of 7

bills of health, 3 deaths, and good sanitary condition.

There is no report of quarantinable disease at any point in the district. OWEN W. STONE, Respectfully,

Acting Assistant Surgeon, U.S. M. H.S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

Reports from Santiago, Manzanillo, Guantanamo, and Daiquiri.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, February 28, 1901.

SIR: I have the honor to submit herewith the following report for

the week ended February 23, 1901:

Santiago.—During this period there was a total of 17 deaths reported, the chief causes being as follows: Fever, malarial, 1; tubercle of lungs, 6; tubercle, abdominal, 1; hydrocephalus, 1; broncho pneumonia, 2; diarrhea and enteritis, 1; septicæmia, puerperal, 1; other causes, 4; total, 17. Population, 43,000; annual death rate, 20.5 per 1,000.

In a conference of the medical officers of the Service in Havana it

was decided to have uniform regulations regarding the supervision of passenger traffic of the island of Cuba. It was therefore decided to issue certificates to all passengers traveling on coastwise vessels where such passenger travels from one quarantine district to another on the

and. This certification of passengers was instituted February 20.

Manzanillo.—Acting Asst. Surg. R. de Socarras reports 5 deaths, due to the following causes: Cancer, 1; meningitis, 1; organic diseases of the heart, 1; ulcer of the stomach, 1; peritonitis, 1; total, 5. Population, 14,464; annual death rate, 18.05.

Guantanamo.—Acting Asst. Surg. Luis Espin reports 6 deaths, due to